Prevention of pornography in vocational school students

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Abstract
The high number of pornography among teenagers is a real problem for teenagers, especially when the right solution has not been found in preventing student pornography. Even though it is known that pornography cases are increasing every year. The purpose of this study was to measure the meaning of adolescent life and the prevention of pornography for SMK students in Padang City. This research is a descriptive research with quantitative approach using pornography prevention instruments with validity greater than 0.325 and reliability 0.895. The subjects of this study were vocational high school students in the city of Padang. Subjects were taken with simple random sampling technique. The study used data analysis techniques and descriptive analysis. The results showed that there were several levels of pornography in students, and students’ lives were affected by pornography such as high level student pornography at 12%, moderate pornography at 82.63% and low at 5.3%. The results of this study can be used as information for teachers, guidance and counseling to prevent student pornography in the lives of vocational youth in the city of Padang.

Keywords: Pornography Prevention, Adolescence


Introduction
Adolescence is the age when individuals integrate into adult society, the age at which they feel they are on the same level as older people at least in terms of rights, including the intellectual changes and transformations that are characteristic of the adolescent way of thinking that makes them possible to achieve integration. This is because adolescents begin to actively achieve self-determination activities and life
guidelines for their future (Hurlock, 1999). Adolescence is a time when individuals leave childhood to adulthood (Sari et al., 2018).

Adolescents are an age that is very vulnerable to various problems. This is because adolescents are in a transitional stage from childhood to adulthood. The transition period requires adolescents to learn and have new behavior patterns and attitudes to replace the previous period (Ardi, Ibrahim, & Said, 2012).

Nowadays, there are often problems of sexual violence among teenagers. Sexual violence is a topic of current problems, because every year it increases, one of the causes is pornography. In 2016 there were 587 cases, in 2017 it increased to 608 cases and in 2018 it became 679 cases (Bankdata.kpai.go.id, 2018).

The increase in pornography cases on a national scale also seems to have occurred at the provincial scale, particularly in the province of West Sumatra (Sartika Sari Zaid, Firman, 2005) and the KPAI for West Sumatra also explained that among the existing cases, there were 86.90% cases of pornography/the most common acts. immorality occurred in the city of Padang. This is evidenced in several studies at schools in the city of Padang cited by the author that the impact of pornography is categorized as high with a percentage of 39.08% (Haryani, 2012).

According to data from the Civil Service Unit (Satpol PP) of Padang City, data was obtained from March-September 2014 with the results (Kasgoro Vocational School 37% of the impact of pornography and Pertiwi 2's High School with 22% of the impact of pornography, and it was also found that students were accessing the internet, playing games). or videos that contain pornography. Furthermore, based on research (Firman, Asmidaryani, 2018) explaining the results of interviews with guidance and counseling teachers on March 1, 2017 at SMKN 2 Padang also found indications of students with pornographic tendencies, such as: reading and storing pornographic images and videos Furthermore, based on the results of research (Mulya Haryani, Mudjiran, 2012) at SMAN 7 Padang it was found that the impact of student pornography was represented by 47.13% which was categorized as high. The problem of pornography in adolescent life must be addressed immediately so as not to damage the morale of school youth. in the field is the implementation of counseling only discusses overcoming learning problems, so that social, personal and career (Firman et al., 2018). So the purpose of this study is to measure the level of pornography in the lives of teenagers.

Based on these phenomena and explanations, it can be concluded that when adolescents are given an understanding of the dangers of pornography and how to prevent pornography, then in the future these teenagers will live their lives more selectively, be careful in the relationships in the lives of teenagers.
Method

This research is a descriptive research with a quantitative approach. This study aims to determine the level of pornography of SMK students in Padang City. With the research population of SMK students in the city of Padang, namely SMKN 6 Padang and SMKN 9 Padang at the XI grade level. Samples were taken in the study by simple random sampling, totaling 167 students from 2 schools. The data collection technique in this study used non-test with pornography prevention instruments with five categories of answers, namely always, often, sometimes, rarely and never according to the conditions of students in the field. Data analysis was carried out using descriptive analysis.

Results and Discussion

Pornography means a writing related to prostitution issues and the writing is mostly in the form of fiction (fictional stories) whose material is taken from sexual fantasy, pornography usually does not have a plot and character, but has a detailed description of sexual activity, often in a prolonged way. and sometimes very challenging (Bhakti, Rahman, 2017).

Jassin explained that pornography is writing or images that are intentional or written with the intention of stimulating sexuality, both individuals and other people who are directly related to pornography (Kuswaya, Aditya, 2016).

Pornography according to Suyatno (2011) explains that the material smells of sexual things that arouse sexual arousal. Pornography has become one of the masterminds behind the destruction of the mentality of the nation’s young generation. Pornography is very worrying for teenagers and has a bad impact on teenagers. One of the effects of pornography is addiction to enjoying pornography (Yutifa, H., Dewi, A.P., 2015).

Pornography has been regulated in the Republic of Indonesia Law no. 44 of 2008 Article 1 paragraph 1 explains that pictures, sketches, illustrations, photos, writings, sounds, sounds, moving pictures, animations, cartoons, conversations, gestures, or other forms of messages through the form of communication media and/or public performances, which makes obscenity or sexual exploitation that violates the norms of decency in society (UU RI Pornography, 2004).

Pornography is an act that is intentionally carried out by someone with the aim of arousing the sexual arousal of oneself or others. Pornography is defined as pictures, sketches, illustrations, photos, writings, sounds, sounds, moving pictures, animations, cartoons, conversations, gestures, or other forms of messages through various forms of communication media/public performances, which contain obscenity or sexual exploitation who violate the norms of decency in society. (Hariyani, Mudjiran, Syukur, 2012). The Pornography Law also mentions pornographic services, namely all types of pornographic services provided by individuals or corporations through live shows, cable television, terrestrial television, radio, telephone, internet & other

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electronic communications as well as newspapers, magazines and printed materials. other.

Aspects used in this study using three aspects of pornography according to Armando, namely pornography through visual, audio, and audio visual (Ade Armando, 2005). The types in the pornography case are: hot tabloids, internet, pornographic films. According to RP Borrong, pornographic films can affect the attitudes and behavior of adolescents/students where these attitudes and behaviors can occur if there is an urge in adolescents to watch shows and imitate things contained in pornographic films, VCDs or porn DVDs (Borrong, 2007). It is realized that other media, both print and electronic, also contributed to its distribution, such media in the form of newspapers, magazines, television, cinema, or even radio (Hanifah Fatri, 2013).

Pornography can lead to negative behaviors such as the following: a). encourage adolescents to imitate sexual acts, b). form negative attitudes, values and behaviors, c). causing difficulty in learning concentration to disrupt his identity, d). closed, inferior and not confident (Donald, et al, 2004).

The results of data analysis on the level of student pornography are generally categorized into three, namely high, medium, and low as shown in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Score Interval</th>
<th>f</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High</td>
<td>46-63</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>28-45</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>82.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low</td>
<td>10-27</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>167</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>100</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1 explains that a total of 167 students there are 20 students who have a high pornography level, 138 students are at a moderate pornography level, and 9 students have a low pornography level. This is in accordance with the results of a survey from the KPAI of West Sumatra which also explained that among the existing cases, there were 86.90% cases of pornography/the most immoral acts occurred in the city of Padang. Another study conducted (Firman, Asmidaryani, 2018) explained the results of interviews with guidance and counseling teachers on March 1, 2017 at SMKN 2 Padang also found indications of students with pornographic tendencies, such as: reading and storing pornographic images and videos. Furthermore, based on the results of research (Mulya Hariyani, Mudjiran, 2012) at SMAN 7 Padang it was found that the impact of student pornography was represented by 47.13% which was categorized as high.
Data from the level of student pornography that has been collected is then analyzed using percentages. Based on the results of data analysis, a detailed description of the pornography level of SMK students in Padang City is as follows.

**Figure 1.** Percentage of Pornography Level of Padang City Vocational High School Students.

Based on the results of the percentage level of student pornography at SMK Padang City, it can be seen that there are students who have a high pornography level of 12%, a medium category of 82.63% and a low category of 5.3%. What can be done by guidance and counseling teachers/counselors in the future is very important in helping students prevent pornography, namely with various services provided at schools such as group guidance.

**Conclusion**

This research is a research with the subject of SMK Negeri Padang City. The results showed that some of the students of State Vocational Schools in Padang City had a moderate tendency to pornography. From the data obtained in the research, there needs to be treatment and efforts made by guidance and counseling teachers in preventing student pornography. So the results of this study can be used as information for guidance and counseling teachers as a basis for efforts to provide assistance to students in preventing student pornography, and also as an effort to assist the development of understanding and prevention of pornography in the lives of adolescents.

**References**


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